





## **ISOVER Fassil**

Mineral insulation from stone wool

#### **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION**

Insulating slabs made of ISOVER mineral wool. The production is based on defibring method of the minerals composition melt and additional additives and ingredients. The mineral fibres produced are processed into the final slab shape on the production line. The entire fibre surface is hydrophobic. The slabs in the construction should be protected suitably against the weather effects (outer sheathing, alternatively diffusion foil).

#### **APPLICATION**

ISOVER Fassil slabs are suitable for insulation of the outer walls of ventilated facade systems and are to be inserted into the grid under the cladding, or mechanically bonded into the multi-layer masonry. The slabs can be mechanically bond using the clamps for soft MW insulations. Insulating slabs are not glued to the surface. To harden the surface it is possible to manufacture these slabs coated with black or white mineral non-wooven fabric. This possible modification is called ISOVER Fassil NT. The coating is not adapted to additional adjustments (painting, gluing, etc.). The material is suitable for fire protection system constructions where the density  $\geq 50 \text{ kg·m}^{-3}$  is required.

Especially the energy saving insulation type  $\lambda_p = 0.034 \text{ W} \cdot \text{m}^{-1} \cdot \text{K}^{-1}$ .

### PACKAGING, TRANSPORT, WAREHOUSING

ISOVER Fassil insulation slabs are packed into the PE foil with package height up to 0.5 m. The slabs have to be transported in covered vehicles under conditions preventing their wetting or other degradation. The products are stored indoors or outdoors depending on the conditions specified in the current ISOVER price list.

#### **BENEFITS**

- very good thermal insulation performance
- fire-resistant
- excellent acoustic properties in terms of noise absorption low vapour resistance - good water vapour penetrability
- environmentally friendly and hygienic completely hydrophobic
- long life span
- resistant to wood-destroying pests, rodents, and insect easy workability can be cut, drilled into, etc. dimensional stability during temperature change





#### **DIMENSIONS AND PACKAGING**

Thickness	[mm]	30*	40*	50	60	80	100	120	140	160	180*	200*
Length × width	[mm]			1200 × 600 (625*)								
Volume per package	[pcs]	16	12	10	8	6	5	4	3	3	2	2
	[m²]	11.52	8.64	7.20	5.76	4.32	3.60	2.88	2.16	2.16	1.44	1.44
	[m³]	0.35	0.35	0.36	0.35	0.35	0.36	0.35	0.30	0.35	0.26	0.29
Quantity per palette	[m²]	264.96	198.72	165.60	132.48	99.36	82.80	66.24	56.16	49.68	41.76	37.44
Declared thermal resistance R <sub>D</sub>	[m²·K·W-¹]	0.85	1.15	1.45	1.75	2.35	2.90	3.50	4.10	4.70	5.25	5.85

<sup>\*</sup> It is necessary to consult with the producer for the terms of delivery

#### TECHNICAL PARAMETERS

Parameter	Unit	Methodology	Value	Designation code	
Geometric shape	Offic	Methodology	Value	Designation code	
	F0/ 7	51,000	.00/		T
Length /	[%, mm]	EN 822	±2 %		
Width b	[%, mm]	EN 822	±1.5 %		
Thickness d	[%, mm]	EN 823	-3 % or -3 mm <sup>1)</sup> and +5 % or 5 mm <sup>2)</sup>	Class of thickness tolerances	T4
Deviation from squareness of the edge on length and width $S_b$	[mm·m <sup>-1</sup> ]	EN 824	5		
Deviation from flatness $S_{max}$	[mm]	EN 825	6		
Relative change in length $\Delta \varepsilon_b$ , in width $\Delta \varepsilon_b$ , in thickness $\Delta \varepsilon_d$	[%]	EN 1604	1	Dimensional stability under the specified temperature and humidity conditions	DS(70,-)
Thermal technical properties					
Declared value of the thermal conductivity coefficient $\lambda_{p}^{3)}$	[W·m <sup>-1</sup> ·K <sup>-1</sup> ]	Declaration according to EN 13162+A1	0.034		
		Measurement according to EN 12667			
Design thermal conductivity $\lambda_u^{4}$	[W·m <sup>-1</sup> .K <sup>-1</sup> ]	ČSN 73 0540-3	0.036		
Specific heat capacity c <sub>d</sub>	[J·kg <sup>-1</sup> ·K <sup>-1</sup> ]	ČSN 73 0540-3	800		
Fire safety properties					
Reaction to fire class	[-]	Declaration according to EN 13501-1+A1	A1		
Maximum temperature for use	[°C]		200		
Melting temperature $t_t$	[°C]	DIN 4102 part 17	≥ 1000		
Hydrothermal properties					
Water vapour diffusion resistance factor $\mu$	[-]	EN 13162+A1	1	Declared value for water vapour diffusion resistance factor	MU1
Other properties					
Density	[kg·m-3]	EN 1602	50		

- Whichever gives the greatest numerical tolerance.
- 2) Whichever gives the smallest numerical tolerance.

  3) Declared values were set under the following conditions (reference temperature 10 °C, humidity u<sub>drv</sub> which is reached by drying) according EN ISO 10456.
- 4) It is valid for typical use in construction with risk of condensation. In the case of construction without any risk of condensation it is possible to use the declared value of thermal conductivity.

#### RELATED DOCUMENTS

- Declaration of Performance CZ0001-006
- Environmental Product Declaration
- ISO 9001, ISO 14001, ISO 45001, ISO 50001









# **ISOVER Fassil**

Mineral insulation from stone wool

### **TECHNICAL PARAMETERS**

Parameter	Unit		Methodology		Value	Desig	nation code		
Acoustic properties <sup>5)</sup>									
	[-]	Mea	EN 13162+A1 EN ISO 11654 surement accordi	ing to	Level of prac	tical sound absorpt	al sound absorption coefficient		
The practical sound absorption coefficient $a_{\rm p}$	Frequency		EN ISO 354 125 Hz 250 H		500 Hz				
	Thickness	60 mm 80 mm 100 mm	0.20 0.35 0.45	0.75 1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00 1.00	
		120 mm	0.60	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
	[-]		EN ISO 11654 (for NRC according ASTM C423) Level of weighted sound absorption co					AW	
Weighted sound absorption coefficient $a_{\rm w}$ Noise Reduction Coefficient NRC	Single number value Thickness	60 mm 80 mm	a <sub>w</sub> 1.00 1.00				NRC 0.95 1.00		
	Trickness	100 mm		1.00		1.05 1.05			
Specific air flow resistivity r	[kPa·s·m <sup>-2</sup> ]	Mea	EN 13162+A1 surement accordi EN ISO 9053-1	ing to	Level of air flow resistivity AFr  14.5				
Environmental properties / impacts									
Non-hazardous waste disposed <sup>6)</sup>	[kg /FU <sup>7)</sup> ]		EN 15804+A1, ČSN ISO 14025		1.44		NHWD		
Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources	[MJ/FU]		EN 15804+A1, ČSN ISO 14025		75.3	PENRT			
Global Warming Potential	[kg CO <sub>2</sub> ekv. /FU	]	EN 15804+A1, ČSN ISO 14025		8.01	GWP			
Ozone Depletion	[kg CFC 11 ekv. /F	U]	EN 15804+A1, ČSN ISO 14025		4.02 E-07	ODP			
Acidification potential	n potential [kg SO <sub>2</sub> ekv. /Fl		EN 15804+A1, ČSN ISO 14025		0.058	АР			
Eutrophication potential	[kg PO <sub>4</sub> 3- ekv. /Fl	1]	EN 15804+A1, ČSN ISO 14025		0.00488	EP			
Photochemical ozone creation	[kg C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> ekv./FL	ני	EN 15804+A1, ČSN ISO 14025		0.00759	POPC			
Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources	[kg Sb ekv./FU]	1	EN 15804+A1, ČSN ISO 14025		1.2 E-07	7 ADP-elements			
Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources	[MJ (Calorific value)	/FU]	EN 15804+A1, ČSN ISO 14025		70.2	ADP-fossil fuels			



**Example of product application ISOVER Fassil** 



30. 4. 2020 The information is valid up to date of publishing. The manufacturer reserves right to change the data.

 $<sup>^{5)}</sup>$  Informative non-declared value beyond scope of CPR, obtained by concrete tests.  $^{6)}$  In this case it is standard mixed waste.  $^{7)}$  FU = functional unit (1 m² of insulation by 100 mm thick for live cycle phases A1–A3).